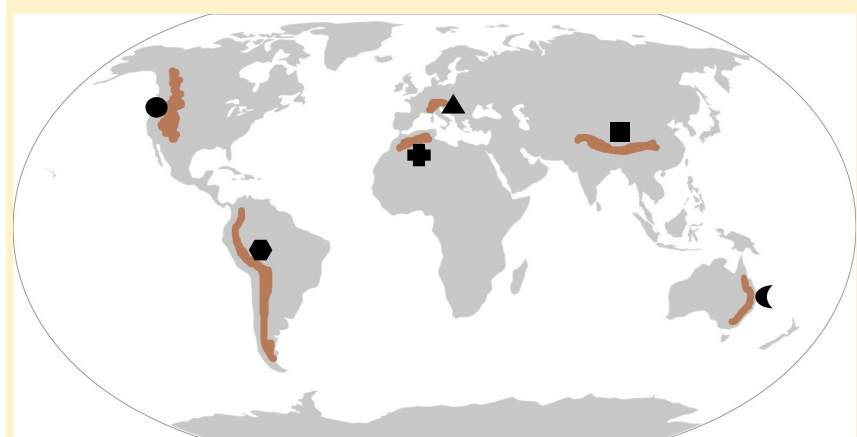


## Key Vocabulary

<b>agriculture</b>	Growing crops or farming animals.
<b>altitude</b>	The height of things above sea level.
<b>climate</b>	The average weather conditions of a particular place or region.
<b>conservation</b>	The careful protection of something.
<b>formation</b>	The way something is made.
<b>mountain range</b>	A series (group) of mountains close together.
<b>tectonic plates</b>	Broken pieces of the Earth's surface (crust) that are always moving.

## Major mountain ranges of the world



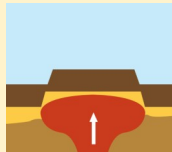
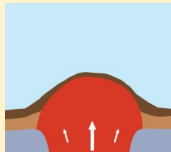
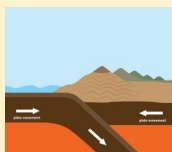
- ▲ The Alps (Europe) *Tallest mountain: Mont Blanc*
- ⬢ The Andes (South America) *Tallest mountain: Aconcagua*
- ✚ The Atlas Mountains (Africa) *Tallest mountain: Toubkal*
- ☾ The Great Dividing Range (Australia) *Tallest mountain: Mount Kosciuszko*
- The Himalayas (Asia) *Tallest mountain: Everest*
- The Rocky Mountains (North America) *Tallest mountain: Mount Elbert*

## Land use

 agriculture	People grow a variety of crops depending on the altitude.
 mining	People dig deep into mountains to collect their natural resources.
 settlement	People have created small and large communities in the mountains to live and work.
 tourism	People travel to experience mountain life, see nature and do adventurous activities.
 conservation	People protect the natural environment and its native species of plants and animals.

## Mountain formation

age:	millions of years old
formation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>when the Earth's tectonic plates push together or move apart</li> <li>when magma underneath the Earth's crust pushes large areas of land upwards</li> </ul>
types:	<div> <div>fold</div> <div>fault-block</div> <div>volcanic</div> <div>dome</div> <div>plateau</div> </div>



## Parts of a mountain

