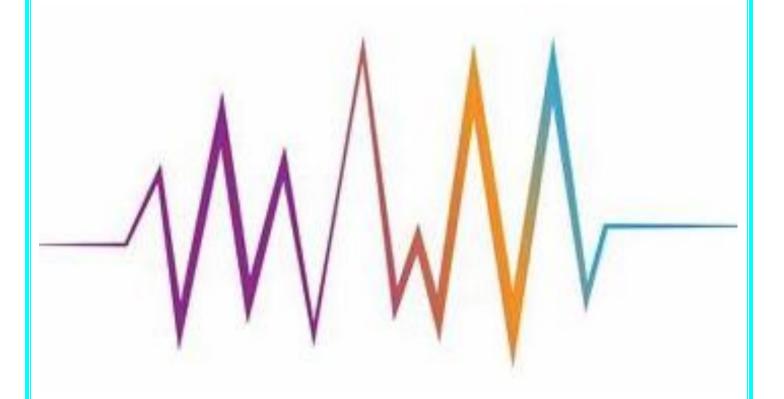


EQUALS TRUST



Music Curriculum

Music Curriculum Statement:



Intent – What do we want for our children as Musicians?

'A high-quality music education should engage and inspire pupils to develop a love of music and their talent as musicians, and so increase their self-confidence, creativity and sense of achievement.'

Department of Education, National Curriculum

At Crossdale, we believe that every child should be given the opportunity to unlock their full musical potential and be inspired to discover a love for music through singing and composing as well as an enthusiasm towards performing both inside and outside of school. Crossdale's music curriculum is centered around a music-based scheme called 'Sing Up' in which the children are exposed to a range of songs and are able to learn how to play a variety of different instruments. Music lessons at Crossdale enable children to experience a high-quality education which contributes to developing their understanding of the most fundamental elements of music: beat, rhythm, and pitch. This program itself includes a kaleidoscope of sound knowledge and activities to not only help support educators deliver a sequence of lessons with confidence but as a whole to motivate and excite children about the art of musicianship in a fun and enjoyable way.

At Crossdale, we aim to:

Support the development of the skills and knowledge which enable pupils to:

- feel motivated and inspired to learn to play a musical instrument
- become actively engaged in all music lessons
- be encouraged to take an ownership of their learning through discovery and exploration
- · impart key foundations of musical knowledge
- create memorable and practical musical experiences
- increase confidence for musicianship
- enjoy a multi-sensory approach to learning
- encourage a musical culture around school

Implementation – How will we carry out our vision?

The music curriculum is taught through the Sing Up Planning scheme, which is in line with the National Curriculum. We will implement our vision by teaching through a multi-sensory approach which aims to musically motivate and inspire the children of Crossdale. We believe all children should be provided with the opportunity to express their thoughts and feelings through music exploration and discovery. Sing Up is an excellent program which instils this approach.

Teachers are able to freely adjust and adapt lessons to appropriately suit the needs of their classes, but the scheme provides a strong, progressive basis of what is expected for them to learn. Each class is expected to teach one music lesson weekly, in accordance to each year group's long-term curriculum plan which is also dependent on the time of the year. This equates to forty-five minutes (KS1) and one hour (KS2) of music lessons every week which is taught by the class teacher. Sing Up consists of three termly units of work, each containing six lessons. Every lesson has a main musical theme to follow.

Progressive 'Snapshot':

KS1

Year 1	Aim: Year 1 children develo	pp pitch matching skills singin	g a song that moves in
Song: Rain is falling down	step (mi-re-do song). They	can demonstrate keeping a b to sing independently and w	eat as they sing and clap
Units:	September	February	June
Menu song Football Come dance with me	Objective: Echo (copycat) sing following a leader, show the shape of the pitch with actions, and sing using mi-re-do.	Objective: Sing an echo song while tapping the beat, and clap the rhythm of the words, understanding there is one beat for each syllable.	Objective: Echo sing a line independently with teacher leading, then move on to pair singing in echo format.
Year 2 Song: Hi lo chicka lo		ng a song with larger interval an feel the beat and demonst of the song.	
Units:	September	February	June
1. Tony Chestnut 2. Grandma rap 3. Tańczymy labada	Objective: Sing the song and mark the beat with actions.	Objective: Learn a clapping game that shows the rhythm.	Objective: Children make up body percussion sounds to the rhythm of the melody, and accompany themselves singing.

Lower KS2

Year 3						
Song: Tongo	Aim: Year 3 children begin to develop the skills of singing in harmony by holding a note while another part sings. Children will sing smoothly and gently, and accompany themselves with a drone.					
Units:	September	February	June			
1. I've been to Harlem 2. Latin dance (Classroom percussion) 3. Fly with the stars (Classroom percussion)	Objective: Sing a calland-response song in groups, holding long notes confidently.	Objective: Working in small groups, sing a call- and-response song with an invented drone accompaniment.	Objective: Sing solo or in a pair in call-and- response with a drone accompaniment.			
Year 4 Song: I wanna sing scat		ole to sing a part with accurate al texture) and adopt a rhythn				
Units:	September	February	June			
This little light of mine The doot doot song (Classroom percussion) Favourite song (Classroom percussion)	Objective: Sing Part 1 of a partner song rhythmically.	Objective: Sing Part 2 of a partner song rhythmically. Adopt a rhythmic accompaniment while singing.	Objective: Sing a part in a partner song, rhythmically and from memory.			

Upper KS2

Year 5 Song: Hey, ho! Nobody home	Aim: Year 5 children are able to sing a part in a round with a pitched ostinato, and perform with a sense of ensemble.			
riey, no: Nobody nome	September	February	June	
Units: 1. What shall we do with the drunken sailor? 2. Madina tun nabi 3. Kisne banaaya	Objective: Sing in unison while playing an instrumental beat (untuned).	Objective: Sing in a round in two parts and accompany themselves with a beat (untuned).	Objective: Sing in a four- part round accompanied with a pitched ostinato.	
Year 6 Song: Throw, catch		old a part in three-part harmo her. Children sing with a sen		
movi, caren	September	February	June	
Units: 1. Hey, Mr Miller 2. Dona nobis pacem 3. Ame sau vala tara bal	Objective: Learn the melody and dance steps. Combine singing and dancing.	Objective: Sing the chorus in two-part harmony with dancing on the beat.	Objective: Sing the chorus in three-part harmony with dancing.	

Planning:

- All music planning comes from the Sing Up Planning Scheme which is in line with the National Curriculum.
- All planning identifies clear learning intentions, outcomes, key knowledge, questions and vocabulary with opportunities for spaced retrieval.
- All planning should be uploaded onto 'All Staff' at the start of every half-term and communicated to class teachers.
- Wider provision and enrichment opportunities are carefully planned and detailed on planning overviews across the academic year in order to inspire and motivate the children to become confident in performing musically.
- Each term, there are a variety of topics for each year group to follow with assigned links to videos, songs and singing starters.
- Every lesson follows a detailed and structured plan for the teacher to feel supported to apply.
- Planning throughout the academic year is carefully considered in-line with singing events, performances and assemblies.
- Singing assemblies (Tuesdays) and annual events are thoroughly planned and included within the whole-school assembly rota to ensure songs are learned in time for events and performances.

Inclusion:

Our staff will set high expectations for all pupils. They will use appropriate assessment to set ambitious targets and plan challenging work for all groups, including:

- More able pupils
- Pupils with low prior attainment
- Pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds
- Pupils with SEND pupils with English as an additional language (EAL).

Teachers will plan lessons so that pupils with SEN and/or disabilities can study every National Curriculum subject, wherever possible, and ensure that there are no barriers to every pupil achieving.

Teachers will also take into account the needs of pupils whose first language is not English. Lessons will be planned and adjusted so that teaching opportunities help pupils to develop their English, and to support pupils to take part in all subjects.

Further information can be found in our statement of equality information and objectives, and in our SEND policy and information report.

Equality targets and SEND policy: Crossdale Drive School - Policies and other information (crossdaleschool.com)

Singing offers children many opportunities to develop their confidence and self-belief, particularly if they feel they are able to express themselves musically yet, tend to struggle in other areas of education and or general life. Singing has the ability to enable children to explore their creativity and identity as well as feel in control of their own learning experiences through musical composition. Furthermore, musical performances ensure children can socially and positively interact with each other, thus supports their communicative skills and enhances teamwork.

"Music gives a soul to the universe, wings to the mind, flight to the imagination and life to everything."

Impact – How will we assess what the children know, remember and understand?

Teachers will monitor the impact of their teaching using Assessment for Learning (AfL) throughout lessons which will show:

- Our children will have a secure understanding, knowledge as well as the skills to compose music and play musical instruments with confidence.
- Children are able to understand more and remember more about the importance of their identity, ability to be creative and work cooperatively as a team through musical expression and exploration.
- They progress well throughout each year group and meet the National Curriculum objectives.

The Subject Leader(s) will monitor the way their subject is taught throughout the school by looking at the intent implementation and impact using:

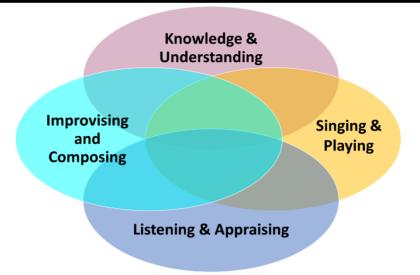
- Planning scrutiny to evaluate the impact of what is known and remembered.
- Pupil Interviews & Learning Walks; assess what is known and remembered?
- External & internal moderation within Equals Trust Groups for QA and to share best practise.
- SIL & Governor visits to monitor provisions and provide clear next steps.
- Planning and delivering CPD.

The Subject Leader(s) will responsibly organise and uphold resources, storage and management. All the monitoring information is used by the Subject Leader(s) to ensure our provision and pupil outcomes are the very best they can be. Any next steps to move the subject and the children's learning forward are fed into the Subject Leader's monitoring and action plans, which form part of the whole school improvement plan.

Governors monitor whether the school is complying with its funding agreement and teaching a "broad and balanced curriculum" which includes the required subjects, through:

- Governor monitoring visits
- Head Teacher reports
- The School Development Plan

Elements of our Music Curriculum



These elements do not stand as isolated parts; A deep musical understanding is a combination of all or a number of them.

Knowledge and Understanding

(Factual)

Musicians develop a knowledge and understanding of:

- 1) The practical and technical nature of music: controlling sound through voice and instruments, understanding the way music is recorded—staff, notation, symbols.
- 2) The theoretical and constructive nature of music: inter related dimensions of music, composing and improvising.
- 3) The expressive nature of music: the genres of music., the performance of music, the ability to debate and discuss music and its impact on the listener.

Substantive Music Knowledge

(The who, what, when, why, how of music

Specific Vocabulary

(The language and terminology of music)

Musicianship

Application of practical knowledge

Singing & Playing

Listening & Appraising

Improvising & Composing

Wider Provision and Enrichment opportunities:

At Crossdale, we aim to provide our pupils with a variety of enrichment opportunities which enhance their musicianship and confidence:



Sing Up

At Crossdale, we use Sing Up as our multi-sensory approach to teaching Music.

Rockley Music

On Wednesdays, Rockley Music provide lessons to children who are keen to learn

Inspire

On Fridays, Mrs Grebby is Crossdale's Woodwind teacher and educates many of our pupils on how to play either the clarinet, saxophone or flute.



Music Academy Nottingham

At Crossdale, we have a range of external providers which offer music lessons to those who are wanting to learn how to play a musical instrument. On Tuesdays, Music Academy Nottingham teach piano, keyboard, guitar, ukulele and violin.

Young Voices

We are so excited to take our very own choir

to Young Voices each year. This event allows

many schools to come together as one large

choir and share their love for singing. Parents

are invited to come and watch their child be a

part of such a spectacle event.



School Choir

We are proud to have our very own school choir which practices every Tuesday during lunchtime in preparation to perform at annual music events which either Crossdale primary host or attend.



Singing Assemblies

Each week, we carry out a wholeschool singing assembly. This sense of togetherness and enthusiasm for singing is a great opportunity for all year groups to learn new songs and rehearse for annual shows and events.



Equals Trust Choir Performance

As a trust, we are extremely keen to showcase each school's talented choir and put on our own version of 'Young Voices' to share our love for singing together.



School Productions

Every year, Crossdale puts on a Christmas and End of Year Summer production for all year groups to partake in. We love coming together as a school to perform as one and put on an event for our loved ones.

Crossdale's Music Evening

In the summer term, we love celebrating musical arts and so we take the opportunity in putting on a music evening for our children to share their musical abilities or groovy dance moves.

Unit Overview

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	Drip fed in	to the term:	Drip fed into the term:		Drip fed into the term:	
	I've got a ç	grumpy face	Cuckoo Polka		Down there under the sea	
	Focus: bea	at, actions	Focus: active listening		Focus: movement	
	3 Le	seone	3 Le	anoas	3 Le	ssons
	D	L L	E:	umble bees	D L I	oou Rolinda
		ow your boat :beat		umble bees		pow Belinda
				and response		: Beat
		seone		seone	3 Le	sanoas
Year	Menu Song	Menu Song	Football	Football		Come Dance
One	Focus:	Focus:	Focus: Beat	Focus: Beat		with Me
	Listening,	Listening,				Focus: Call
	movement	movement				and response
			First 3 lessons	Last 3 lessons		
	First 3 lessons	Last 3 lessons				6 Lessons
Year	Tony Chestnut	Tony Chestnut	Grandma Rap	Grandma Rap		Tanczymy
Two	Focus: Beat,	Focus: Beat,	Focus: Duration	Focus: Duration		Labada
	rhythm	rhythm				Focus: Singing
	First 3 Lessons	Last 3 Lessons	First 3 Lessons	Last 3 Lessons		6 Lessons
Year	I've been to	I've been to		Latin Dance		Fly with the
Three	Harlem	Harlem		(Classroom		Stars
	Focus: Pitch	Focus: Pitch		Percussion)		(Classroom
				Focus: Beat,		Percussion)
	First 3 Lessons	Last 3 Lessons		rhythm		Focue: Chorde
				6 Lessons		6 Lessons
Year						
Four						
		Whole Cla	ss Music Tuition -	- Aspire, NCC (I ha	our weekly)	
Year			Madina Tun	Madina Tun		Kisne Banaaya
Five			Nabi	Nabi		Focus:
1 000			Focus:	Focus		Composition
			Improvisation	Improvisation		,
			·	·		6 Lessons
			First 3 Lessons	Last 3 Lessons		
Year		Hey Mr Miller		Dona Nobia		Ame Sau Vala
Six		Focus		Pacem		Tara Bal
30%		Syncopation		Focus: Texture		Focus: Rhythm
		6 lessons		6 lessons		6 lessons

Trips and visits:

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
WHOLE	Class	Class	Class	Class	Class Assemblies	Class
SCHOOL	Assemblies	Assemblies	Assemblies	Assemblies		Assemblies
					Singing	
	Singing	Singing	Singing	Singing	Assemblies	Singing
	Assemblies	Assemblies	Assemblies	Assemblies		Assemblies
		Christmas				End of Year
		Production				Summer
						Production
						Year 6 Leaver's
						Assembly
School			Young Voices		Crossdale's	
Choir					Music Evening	
			Equals Trust			
			Choir Evening			

Whole school/choir overview of songs:

Throughout the year, the songs we sing, either as a whole school during singing assemblies or in choir, are carefully thought out and chosen in accordance to themes, celebrations that time of year or relevance to the National Curriculum. Each week, all year groups (Reception class to be dripped in little and often) meet as a school on a Tuesday afternoon so we can share the love of singing and music. At that time, we learn new songs and the support from the school choir when they are asked to lead a song they have previously learnt. The structure of the songs for each half term are as follows:

Half	Songs to be taught	Choir
Term /	(singing assembly) and	
Celebrati	core drip list songs for	
ons	any assembly	
Autumn 1	Back to school again	For Armistace Day – In Flander's Fields
	Give it all you've got	
Harvest	Take That – Just Sing	YV and Christmas concert
	Seed in a Meadow	
	Let's Harvest	*Like a candle
	Thank your lucky stars – sing up	*The holly and the ivy
	Harvest Rock and Roll – Sing up	*Ed Sheeran and Elton John
	Across the fields - Sing up	
4	Cauliflowers Fluffy – Sing Up	No. 4 and a land
Autumn 2	Come and join the celebration	YV and Christmas concert
Diwali	Traditional Christmas songs / ones to fit in with Christmas concert	*Like a candle
Christmas	*Shepherd's Sona	
Christmas	*Midniaht	*The holly and the ivy *Ed Sheeran and Elton John
	*We wish you a merry Christmas	The Sheeran and Etcon John
Spring 1	Teach in singing assembly:	Options:
	Dragon song – Streets (for Chinese	Christina Perry – A thousand years
NY and	NY)	Jason Mraz – I'm yours
Chinese NY	Disney song – A whole new world	Smash Mouth – Get your game on/ All stars
		Lady Gaga – Shallow
	Drip songs:	
	Song from Peter Pan summer	
	production 2022 (last one)	Equals Trust songs when released:
	Sing from your heart (YV 2023)	

	I am a seed in a meadow (song from	
	2022 singing concert)	
	Rockstar (YV 2023)	
	Give it all you've got	
	Avicci – The Days	
Spring 2	Celebrate (Out of the Ark - Easter CD)	Sing your worries away
	Disney Song	
Easter	Easter Jubilation	Easter song –
	Sing out an Easter song	He's alive, he's alive, he has risen?
Summer 1	TEACH: Free song - 'To the sound of	Musicals / movies theme?
	trumpets' – out of the ark	
Platinum	https://www.outoftheark.co.uk/landin	(Dear Evan Hanson) You will be found –
Jubilee	g/coronation-song/	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R83hecEr8bY
	Learn national anthem (link to BV)	
	The Greatest Showman – this is me	(Prince of Egypt) When you believe -
	Disney song?	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7VLUI1Kdnk&list=RDQM
		IYymBTSSyp8&index=6
	Out of the ark – Songs for every	
	occasion – This Day	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2ipTOrO0vF0 (sing along
		but no lyrics - print these out)
	Songs for every singing school – We	
	are one	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gXq-14lV79s - Cold Play
		– sing along (Fix you)
	DBIB course Cours Scarce Bottom Bottom	hatter of the control
	DRIP songs: Song from Peter Pan – panto style one (last track)	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=96JDkl2tBhl - Matilda -
		When I grow up
	Today – OOTA – Songs for every assembly	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dExxFRTwBsw - naughty
	Together – OOTA – Songs for every	from Matilda the musical
	assembly	from Macilda the musical
	assembly	
	I .	

	Songs from EQT 2023 concert – Count on Me (Bruno Mars) What a wonderful world – Louis Armstrong Shine – Take That Eye of the tiger	Other ideas: Africa? Diamonds (Rihanna)? Cold Play – Fix You Disney song? Secret Love Song – Little Mix Demons – Imagine Dragons Titanium – David Guetta *Consider a date for a summer performance for choir to showcase songs?
Summer 2	Songs linked to production Moving on	Wave your flag Power in Me
Euro football	Peter Pan song – panto style one	
Summer production	from the end of the show	
Leavers		

Music Overview

singup

Sing Up Music - Units at a glance (1-year teaching cycle)

[ı	1	В					
l	6 w			eeks				
	3 weeks	3 weeks	3 weeks	3 weeks				
		Te	erm 1					
Nursery	Let's be	friends	Travel and	movement				
Reception	l've got a grumpy face	The sorcerer's apprentice	Witch, witch	Row, row, row your boat				
Year 1	Menu	song*	Colonel Hathi's march	Magical musical aquarium				
Year 2	Tony Cl	nestnut*	Carnival of the animals	Composing music inspired by birdsong				
Year 3	l've been	to Harlem*	Nao chariya de/Mingulay boat song	Sound symmetry				
Year 4	This little lig	nht of mine*	'Theme' from The Pink Panther	Composing with colour				
Year 5	What shall we do with	h the drunken sailor?*	Why we sing	Introduction to songwriting				
Year 6	Hey, M.	r Miller*	Shadows	Composing for protest!				
	Term 2							
Nursery	This	is me	Animal tea party					
Reception	Bird spotting: Cuckoo polka	Shake my sillies out	Up and down	Five fine bumble bees				
Year 1	Foot	ball*	'Dawn' from Sea interludes	Musical conversations				
Year 2	Grandr	na rap*	Orawa	Trains				
Year 3	Latin dance (Class	room percussion)*	'March' from The nutcracker	From a railway carriage				
Year 4	The doot doot song (C	Classroom percussion)*	Fanfare for the common man	Spain				
Year 5	Madina	tun nabi*	Building a groove	<i>Época</i>				
Year 6	Dona nob	is pacem*	You to me are everything	Twinkle variations				
		Te	erm 3					
Nursery	l've got	feelings	Lef's	jam!				
Reception	Down there under the sea	It's oh so quiet	Slap clap clap	Bow, bow, bow Belinda				
Year 1	Dancing and drawing to Nautilus	Cat and mouse	Come dan	ce with me*				
Year 2	Swing-a-long with Shostakovich	Charlie Chaplin	Tańczymy labada *					
Year 3	Just three notes	Samba with Sérgio	Fly with the stars (Classroom percussion)*					
Year 4	Global pentatonics	The horse in motion	Favourite song (Classroom percussion)*					
Year 5	Balinese gamelan	Composing in ternary form	Kisne b	anaaya*				
Year 6	Race!	Exploring identity through song	Ame sau vo	nla tara bal*				



Sing Up Music - Instrumental units

All instrumental units last for a whole term (12 lessons of c.50 minutes) and are interchangeable with a term of units listed above - either from Term 2 or Term 3. Using an instrumental unit will help you get better coverage of the Model Music Curriculum in relation to instrumental playing/performance and reading notation. There is more information on how to build in an instrumental unit to your scheme for music in our Sing Up Music Implementation guide.

	Play ukulele 12 weeks					
Year 3	Latin dance					
Year 4	The doot doot song					
Year 5	Fly with the stars					
Year 6	Favourile song					

	Play percussion 12 weeks					
Year 2	TIME					
Year 3	Mangrove twilight					
Year 4	Ripples					
Year 5	Rosewood grafitude					
Year 6	Calypso solèy levé					



Improvise and Compose - Term 1

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Make up new words and actions about different emotions and feelings.	Participate in creating a dramatic group performance using kitchen- themed props.	Improvise rhythms along to a backing track using the note C or G.	Compose a pentatonic ostinato.	Improvise with the voice on the notes of the pentatonic scale D-E-G-A-B (and B flat if you have one).	Compose body percussion patterns to accompany a sea shanty. Write these out using rhythm grids.	Compose a syncopated melody using the notes of the C major scale.
Explore making sound with voices and percussion instruments to create different feelings and moods.	Compose music to march to using tuned and untuned percussion.	Compose call-and- response music.	Compose a simple song using symmetry to develop a melody, structure, and rhythmic accompaniment.	Improvise and compose, creating atmospheric music for a scene with a given set of instruments.	Improvise and compose, 'doodling' with sound, playing around with pitch and rhythm to create a strong hook.	Create their own song lyrics.
Explore storytelling elements in the music and create a class story inspired by the piece.	Experiment with sounds (timbre) to create aquarium-inspired music and draw the sounds using graphic symbols.	Select instruments and compose music to reflect an animal's character.		Create short sounds inspired by colours and shapes.	Create fragments of songs that can be developed into fully fledged songs.	Fit their lyrics to a pulse, creating a chant.
Make up a simple accompaniment using percussion instruments.		Invent simple patterns using voices, body percussion, and then instruments.		Structure musical ideas into a composition.		Write a melody and sing it.
Make up new lyrics and vocal sounds for different kinds of transport.		Follow signals given by a conductor/leader.		Create and read graphic scores.		Structure their ideas into a complete song.
		Structure compositional ideas into a bigger piece.				
		Improvise solos using instruments.				



Improvise and Compose - Term 2

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Explore the range and capabilities of voices through vocal play.	Compose word patterns in groups and melodies in pairs using mi-re-do (E-D-C).	Compose 4-beat patterns to create a new rhythmic accompaniment, using a looping app.	Compose a 4-beat rhythm pattern to play during instrumental sections of a song.	'Doodle' with voices over the chords in the song.	Improvise freely over a drone.	Compose an 8-bar piece on percussion, in 3-time, and using chords F major and C major.
Create a sound story using instruments to represent different animal sounds/ movements.	Compose musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to a stimulus.	Improvise and compose, structuring short musical ideas to form a larger piece.	Working in small groups, sing a call-and-response song with an invented drone accompaniment.	Improvise and compose, exploring how timbre, dynamics, and texture can be used for impact in a fanfare.	Show understanding of how a drum pattern, bassline, and riff fit together to create a memorable and catchy groove.	Use music vocabulary and knowledge to discuss similarities and differences in pieces of music.
Make up new lyrics and accompanying actions.	Improvise question-and- answer conversations using percussion instruments.	Begin to understand duration and rhythm notation.	Explore ways to create word-based pieces of music.	Compose a fanfare using a small set of notes and short, repeated rhythms.	Compose and perform drum patterns, basslines, and riffs on a variety of instruments as part of a group.	Learn some simple choreography to accompany a disco song.
Improvise a vocal/physical soundscape about minibeasts.		Structure musical ideas into a whole-class composition.	Explore ways to communicate atmosphere and effect.	Invent a melody.	Engage the imagination, work creatively in movement in small groups, learning to share and develop ideas.	Create variations using a wide variety of composing techniques.
				Fit two patterns together.		Improvise on top of a repeating bassline.
				Structure musical ideas into their own compositions.		



Improvise and Compose - Term 3

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Develop a song by composing new words and adding movements and props.	Create rhythm patterns, sequencing them, and 'fixing' them as compositions using simple notation.	Create action patterns in 2- and 3-time.	Invent simple patterns using rhythms and notes C-D-E.	Compose a pentatonic melody.	Compose a kecak vocal piece as part of a group.	Create an accompaniment.
Improvise music with different instruments, following a conductor.	Attempt to record compositions with stick and other notations.	Compose a soundtrack to a clip of a silent film.	Compose music, structuring short ideas into a bigger piece.	Improvise and create pentatonic patterns.	Improvise and compose, creating a piece in ternary form using a pentatonic scale, and containing an accompaniment, contrasting dynamics, and tempo.	Create an extended melody with four distinct phrases.
Compose music based on characters and stories developed through listening to Beethoven's 5th symphony.	Create musical phrases from new word rhythms that children invent.	Understand and use notes of different duration.	Notate, read, and follow a 'score'.	Use notation to represent musical ideas.	Notate their ideas to form a simple score to play from.	Experiment with harmony.
Compose a 3-beat body percussion pattern and perform it to a steady beat.		Understand and use notes of different pitch.		Create ostinatos.	Compose a simple accompaniment using tuned instruments.	Structure their ideas into a full soundtrack.
Invent and perform actions for new verses.		Understand and use dynamics.		Layer up different rhythms.	Create and perform their own class arrangement.	Create a rhythmic piece for drums and percussion instruments.
				Create and follow a score.		



Sing and Play - Term 1

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Sing with a sense of pitch, following the shape of the melody with their voices.	Sing a cumulative song from memory, remembering the order of the verses.	Play the melody on a tuned percussion instrument.	Sing a call-and-response song in groups, holding long notes confidently.	Sing in a Gospel style with expression and dynamics.	Sing a sea shanty expressively, with accurate pitch and a strong beat.	Sing a syncopated melody accurately and in tune.
Mark the beat of the song with actions.	Play classroom instruments on the beat.	Sing with good diction.	Play melodic and rhythmic accompaniments to a song.	Play a bass part and rhythm ostinato along with This little light of mine.	Play bass notes, chords, or rhythms to accompany singing.	Sing and play a class arrangement of the song with a good sense of ensemble
Use the voice to adopt different roles and characters.	Copy a leader in a call- and-response song, show the shape of the pitch moving with actions, and sing using mi-re-do.		Sing by improvising simple melodies and rhythms.	Sing Part 1 of a partner song rhythmically.	Sing in unison while playing an instrumental beat (untuned).	
Match the pitch of a 4-note (la-so-mi-do) call-and- response song.	Sing a unison song rhythmically and in tune.				Keep the beat playing a 'cup' game.	
Sing a tune with 'stepping' and 'leaping' notes.	Play percussion instruments expressively, representing the character of their composition.				Develop and practise techniques for singing and performing in a Gospel style.	
Play a steady beat on percussion instruments.						



Sing and Play - Term 2

Chant together ythmically, marking rests accurately. Iay a simple ostinato on untuned percussion. Ing an echo song while pping the beat, and clap he rhythm of the words, iderstanding there is one	Chant Grandma rap rhythmically and perform to an accompaniment children create. Chant and play rhythms using the durations of 'walk' (crotchet), 'jogging' (quavers), and 'shh' (crotchet rest) from stick notation. Learn a clapping game to Hi lo chicka lo that shows	Sing the syncopated rhythms in Latin dance and recognise a verse/chorus structure. Play a one-note part, contributing to the chords accompanying the verses. Learn a part on tuned percussion and play as	Sing swung rhythms lightly and accurately.	Sing a song in two parts with expression and an understanding of its origins. Sing a round and accompany themselves with a beat.	Sing a round accurately and in a <i>legato</i> style. Sing a chorus in two-part harmony with dancing on the beat.
ing an echo song while pping the beat, and clap he rhythm of the words, iderstanding there is one	using the durations of 'walk' (crotchet), 'jogging' (quavers), and 'shh' (crotchet rest) from stick notation. Learn a clapping game to Hi lo chicka lo that shows	contributing to the chords accompanying the verses. Learn a part on tuned percussion and play as		accompany themselves with a beat.	harmony with dancing on
pping the beat, and clap he rhythm of the words, iderstanding there is one	Hi lo chicka lo that shows	percussion and play as			
beat for each syllable.	the rhythm.	part of a whole-class performance.		Play a drone and chords to accompany singing.	Decipher a graphic score.
Sing a simple singing pame, adding actions to now a developing sense of beat.	Sing and play, performing composed pieces for an audience.	Sing Part 2 of a partner song rhythmically. Adopt a rhythmic accompaniment while singing.			Play Twinkle, twinkle, little star.
Create, interpret, and perform simple graphic scores.	Learn a simple rhythm pattern and perform it with tempo and volume changes.	Play repeating rhythmic patterns.			
	Learn about the musical terms crescendo, diminuendo, accelerando, ritenuto.	Count musically.			
	Follow signals from a conductor.				
Si	eat for each syllable. Ing a simple singing me, adding actions to w a developing sense of beat. reate, interpret, and rform simple graphic	eat for each syllable. Ing a simple singing me, adding actions to w a developing sense of beat. Sing and play, performing composed pieces for an audience. Learn a simple rhythm pattern and perform it with tempo and volume changes. Learn about the musical terms crescendo, diminuendo, accelerando, ritenuto. Follow signals from a	eat for each syllable. Ing a simple singing me, adding actions to w a developing sense of beat. Sing and play, performing composed pieces for an audience. Sing Part 2 of a partner song rhythmically. Adopt a rhythmic accompaniment while singing. Learn a simple rhythm pattern and perform it with tempo and volume changes. Play repeating rhythmic patterns. Learn about the musical terms crescendo, diminuendo, accelerando, ritenuto. Follow signals from a	eat for each syllable. Ing a simple singing me, adding actions to w a developing sense of beat. Sing and play, performing composed pieces for an audience. Sing Part 2 of a partner song rhythmically. Adopt a rhythmic accompaniment while singing. Learn a simple rhythm pattern and perform it with tempo and volume changes. Learn about the musical terms crescendo, aliminuendo, accelerando, ritenuto. Follow signals from a	ng a simple singing me, adding actions to w a developing sense of beat. Sing and play, performing composed pieces for an audience. Sing Part 2 of a partner song rhythmically. Adopt a rhythmic accompaniment while singing. Play repeating rhythmic patterns. Play repeating rhythmic patterns. Learn about the musical terms crescenda, diminuendo, accelerando, ritenuto. Follow signals from a



Sing and Play - Term 3

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Sing a song that uses a call-and-response structure.	Perform actions to music, reinforcing a sense of beat.	Demonstrate an internalised sense of pulse through singing games.	Perform call-and-response rhythms vocally, by ear, using word rhythms, then transfer rhythms to body percussion/instruments.	Sing with expression and a sense of the style of the music.	Sing/chant a part within a kecak vocal performance.	Sing the chorus of <i>Throw,</i> catch in three-part harmony with dancing.
Play sea sound effects on percussion instruments.	Sing and chant songs and rhymes expressively.	Sing confidently in Polish, and play a cumulative game with spoken call- and-response sections.	Perform vocal percussion as part of a group.	Sing the chorus of <i>Throw,</i> catch in three-part harmony with dancing.	Sing and play the melody of Kis nay banaayaa.	
With some support, play a call-and-response phrase comprising a short, stepping tune (C-D-E).	Sing either part of a call- and-response song.	Play an accompaniment on tuned percussion and invent a 4-beat body percussion pattern.	Play the chords of Fly with the stars on tuned percussion as part of a whole-class performance	Play an instrumental part as part of a whole-class performance.	Sing in a 4-part round accompanied with a pitched ostinato.	
Play different instruments with control.	Play the response sections on tuned percussion using the correct beater hold.		Sing solo or in a pair in call-and-response style.	Sing a part in a partner song, rhythmically and from memory.		
Explore dynamics with their voices and instruments.	Echo sing a line independently with teacher leading, then move on to pair singing in echo format.					
Sing a melody in waltz time and perform the actions.						
Transfer actions to sounds played on percussion instruments.						
Sing a song while performing a sequence of dance steps.						
Play a two-note accompaniment, playing the beat, on tuned or untuned percussion.						



Listen and Appraise - Term 1

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
dentify and describe contrasts in tempo and dynamics.	Listen and move in time to the song.	Recognise and play echoing phrases by ear.	Listen and identify where notes in the melody of the song go down and up.	Listen and move in time to songs in a Gospel style.	Talk about the purpose of sea shanties and describe some of the features using music vocabulary.	Listen to historical recordings of big band swing, and describe features of the music using music vocabulary.
Begin to use musical terms (louder/ quieter, faster/slower, higher/lower).	Respond to musical characteristics through movement.	Listen with increased concentration to sounds/music and respond by talking about them using music vocabulary, or physically with movement and dance.	Begin to develop an understanding and appreciation of music from different musical traditions.	Listen and appraise, recognising elements of the music that establishes the mood and character (e.g. the rhythm).	Recognise individual instruments and voices by ear.	Explore the influences on an artist by comparing pieces of music from different genres.
Respond to music in a range of ways le.g. movement, talking, writing).	Describe the features of a march using music vocabulary (e.g. that it has a steady beat, that soldiers 'march' to music, naming the instruments playing in the clips).	Identify different qualities of sound (timbre) (e.g. smooth, scratchy, clicking, ringing, and how they are made).	Identify that the songs are from different places in the world, use different instruments, have a different beat, and are different speeds. Pupils can use some musical vocabulary to describe these things.	Talk about the effect of particular instrument sounds (timbre).	Listen to a selection of Gospel music and spirituals, and identify key elements that give the music its unique sound.	Identify features of timbre, instrumentation, and expression in an extract of recorded music.
	Listen to 'Aquarium', reflecting the character of the music through movement.	Recognise and respond to changes of speed (tempo), the length of notes (duration – long/ short), short/detached/ smooth (articulation), and pitch (high/low) using music vocabulary, and/or movement.	Understand that a folk song is music that belongs to the people of a particular place.	Understand that instruments can be used individually and in combination to create different effects of timbre and texture.	Talk about music using appropriate music vocabulary (e.g. the ways the voices are used, the contrasting texture of solo voice and choir, singing in harmony, the lyrics etc.)	Use musical knowledge and vocabulary to discuss similarities and differences in pieces of music.
			Identify how the pitch and melody of a song has been developed using symmetry.		Listen and appraise, identifying the structure of songs and analysing them to appreciate the role of metaphor.	Create a shadow movement piece in response to music.
					Understand techniques for creating a song, and develop a greater understanding of the songwriting process.	



Listen and Appraise - Term 2

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Develop 'active' listening skills by recognising the 'cuckoo call' in a piece of music (so-mi).	Recognise the difference between a pattern with notes (pitched) and without (unpitched).	Show the following durations with actions: 'walk' (crotchet) and 'jogging' (quavers).	Listen to a range of Cuban pieces, undestanding influences on the music and recognising some of its musical features.	Listen and identify similarities and differences between acoustic guitar styles.	Listen and copy back simple rhythmic and melodic patterns.	Identify changes in texture between parts moving together (homophonic texture) and parts moving independently (polyphonic texture).
Enjoy moving freely and expressively to music.	Listen actively by responding to musical signals and musical themes using appropriate movement.	Listen and appraise, with focus and attention to detail, recalling sounds and patterns.	Develop active listening skills by responding to musical themes through movement.	Listen and appraise, recognising and talking about the musical characteristics of a fanfare using music vocabulary.	Identify drum patterns, basslines, and riffs, and play them using body percussion and voices.	Listen and appraise, recognising and identifying key musical features such as rhythm, tempo, timbre, structure, and instruments.
Listen to music and show the beat with actions.	Create a musical movement picture.	Listen to and analyse four pieces of music inspired by travel/vehicles.	Understand the structure of rondo form (A-B-A-C-A).		Develop listening skills and an understanding of how different instrumental parts interact (texture) by responding to each part through movement.	
Use appropriate hand actions to mark a changing pitch.	Recognise how graphic symbols can represent sound.		Develop a sense of beat and rhythmic pattern through movement.		Demonstrate an understanding of the history of Argentine Tango.	
Listen to a piece of classical music and respond through dance.			Experience call-and- response patterns through moving with a partner.			
			Listen and compare how different composers have approached creating word-based compositions.			



Listen and Appraise - Term 3

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Listen to a range of sea-related pieces of music and respond with movement.	Respond to musical signals and musical themes using movement, matching movements to musical gestures in the piece.	Listen actively and mark the beat by tapping, clapping, and swinging to the music.	Recognise and copy rhythms and pitches C-D-E.	Compare music extracts and understand that the pentatonic scale features in lots of music traditions and cultures.	Develop knowledge and understanding of the Balinese musical forms of gamelan beleganjur and kecak.	Identify ways songwriters convey meaning: through lyrics, the music, and the performance.
Develop listening skills, identifying dynamics (forte, piano, crescendo, and diminuendo) across a range of different musical styles.	Develop awareness of duration and the ability to move slowly to music.	Listen and move, stepping a variety of rhythm patterns ('walk', 'jogging', 'skipty').	Move in time with the beat of the music.	Watch a film and analyse it in a musical context.	Listen and match vocal and instrumental sounds to each other, and to notation.	Understand different ways that rhymes work in songs.
Listen actively to music in 3/4 time.	Create art work, drawing freely and imaginatively in response to a piece of music.	Understand and explain how beats can be grouped into patterns and idenitfy them in familiar songs.	Talk about what they have learnt about Brazil and Carnival (e.g. samba batucada instruments, playing in call-and-response, samba schools, that in Brazil music helps communities thrive, that word rhythms are an important way to learn rhythm patterns, that you can freely express yourself at Carnival).	Identify similarities and differences between pieces of music in a folk/folk-rock style.	Listen, appraise, and respond to music using drawings and words. Recognise that music can describe feelings and tell a story.	Identify different elements of a song's structure.
Find the beat and perform a clapping game with a partner.	Listen and copy rhythm patterns.	Move freely and creatively to music using a prop.	Respond to and recognise crotchets and quavers, and make up rhythms using these durations to create accompaniment ideas for the song.		Understand and recognise ternary form.	Understand the concept of identity and how you can express that in songs.
Listen to and talk about folk songs from North America.	Listen and copy call-and- response patterns on voices and instruments.	Listen and match the beat of others and recorded music, adapting speed accordingly.				Develop knowledge and understanding of a variety of musical styles from India, talking about them using music vocabulary.
		Listen to traditional and composed music from Poland. Begin to understand how music helps people share tradition and culture.				Demonstrate coordination and keeping a steady beat by dancing to bhangra music.

Music Termly Overview

Reception - Term 1



Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
l've got a grumpy face - 3 lessons	Focus: Timbre, beat, pitch contour. Objectives:	Watch/Listen/Move: 'Mars' from The planets suite (Gustav Holst). 'Happy' from Despicable Me 2 (Pharrell Williams). 'In the hall of the mountain king' from Peer Gynt (Edvard Grieg). 'The imperial march' from Star wars (John Williams). 'Dance of the sugar plum fairy' from The nutcracker (Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky).
Row, row, row your boat - 3 lessons	Focus: Beat, pitch (step/leap), timbre. Objectives: Make up new lyrics and vocal sounds for different kinds of transport. Sing a tune with 'stepping' and 'leaping' notes. Play a steady beat on percussion instruments.	Song Bank: Row, row, row your boat; The transport song. Watch/Listen/Move: Rowing a boat video. A short clip demonstrating rowing actions. Row, row, row your boat animation (Super Simple Songs).



Reception - Term 2

Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
Bird spotting: Cuckoo polka - 3 lessons	Focus: Active listening, beat, pitch (so-mi), vocal play. Objectives: Explore the range and capabilities of voices through vocal play. Develop a sense of beat by performing actions to music. Develop active listening skills by recognising the 'cuckoo call' in a piece of music (so-mi). Enjoy moving freely and expressively to music.	Song Bank: Dabbling ducks. Watch/Listen/Move: Video clips of different bird song [Wildlife World]: Tawny owl, Black grouse, Whooper swans, & Common quail. The blue Danube (Johann Strauss II). Cuckoo polka (Johann Strauss II). The lark ascending (Ralph Vaughan Williams).
Five fine bumble bees - 3 lessons	Focus: Timbre, tempo, structure (call-and-response), active listening. Objectives: Improvise a vocal/physical soundscape about minibeasts. Sing in call-and-response and change voices to make a buzzing sound. Play an accompaniment using tuned and untuned percussion, and recognise a change in tempo. Listen to a piece of classical music and respond through dance.	Song Bank: Five fine bumble bees. Watch/Listen/Move: Bumblebee warm-up video – Spring vocal exploration (Track Tribe). Le Festin de l'Araignée (The spider's feast') (Albert Roussel). The glow worm (Johnny Mercer, Lilla C. Robinson, & Paul Lincke). La cucaracha (The cockroach') (The Mariachis). Overture' to The wasps (Ralph Vaughan Williams). Close up video of bees collecting pollen from flowers to make honey by Flow Hive. Mad about minibeasts video (Giles Andreae & David Wojtowycz. Storyvision Studios UK).



Reception - Term 3

Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
Down there under the sea - 3 lessons	Objectives: Develop a song by composing new words and adding movements and props. Sing a song using a call-and-response structure. Play sea sound effects on percussion instruments. With some support, play a call-and-response phrase comprising a short, stepping tune (C-D-E). Listen to a range of sea-related pieces of music and respond with movement.	Song Bank: Down there under the sea; Well done, everyone!; Doggie, doggie, where's your bone? Watch/Listen/Move: Recreating ocean sounds with layered percussion instruments (Percussive Sounds ASMR). Miroirs III – Une barque sur l'ocean (Maurice Ravel). Video of sea life swimming in an aquarium (Georgia Aquarium).
Bow, bow, bow Belinda - 3 lessons	Focus: Beat, active listening, instrumental accompaniment. Objectives:	Song Bank: Bow, bow, bow Belinda, Siren. Watch/Listen/Move: Video of children singing and playing In and out the dusty bluebells. Shenandoah (Traditional, version by Tom Roush).



Year 1 - Term 1

Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
Menu song - 6 lessons	Focus: Active listening (movement), beat, echo singing, showing pitch moving, progression snapshot 1. Objectives: Participate in creating a dramatic group performance using kitchen-themed props. Sing a cumulative song from memory, remembering the order of the verses. Play classroom instruments on the beat. Copy a leader in a call-and-response song, show the shape of the pitch moving with actions, and sing using mi-re-do. Listen and move in time to the song.	Song Bank: Rain is falling down; Menu song; Hip hop songwriting backing track. Watch/Listen/Move: Be our guest' from Beauty and the Beast. Food, glorious food' from Oliver! The herring song (Traditional arr. Chris Haslaml. Rain is falling down progression snapshot 1 videos (Sing Up).

Year 1 - Term 2



Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
	Focus: Beat, ostinato, pitched/unpitched patterns, mi-re-do (notes €-D-C), progression snapshot 2.	Song Bank: Tap your name; Football; Rain is falling down; My fantasy football team.
Football 6 lessons	Objectives: Compose word patterns in groups and melodies in pairs using mi-re-do (E-D-C). Chant together rhythmically, marking rests accurately. Play a simple ostinato on untuned percussion. Sing an echo song while tapping the beat, and clap the rhythm of the words, understanding there is one beat for each syllable. Recognise the difference between a pattern with notes (pitched) and without (unpitched).	Watch/Listen/Move: Don't clap this one back. Rain is falling down: matching pitch using body ladders Teacher reference video from Sing Up's Developing musicianship toolkit. Rain is falling down progression snapshot 2 videos (Sing Up).

Year 1 - Term 3



Come dance with me

6 lessons

Focus: Call-and-response, echo singing and playing, playing percussion, crotchet, guavers, crotchet | Song Bank: Come dance with me; Hip hop sangwriting backing track: Walk and rest, developing beat skills, progression snapshot 3.

- Create musical phrases from new word rhythms that children invent.
- Sing either part of a call-and-response song.
- · Play the response sections on tuned percussion using the correct beater hold.
- . Echo sing a line independently with teacher leading, then move on to pair singing in echo
- · Copy call-and-response patterns with voices and instruments.

Watch/Listen/Move:

- · Sing Up's Developing musicianship toolkit videos:
 - Playing with pitch pencils.
 - · Copy my actions.
 - Let's copy your actions!
 - Walk and stop.
- Rain is falling down progression snapshot 3 videos (Sing Up).



Year 2 - Term 1

Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
Tony Chestnut - 6 lessons	Focus: Beat, rhythm, melody, echo, call-and-response, tuned and untuned percussion, progression snapshot 1. Objectives: Improvise rhythms along to a backing track using the note C or G. Compose call-and-response music. Play the melody on a tuned percussion instrument. Sing with good diction. Recognise and play echoing phrases by ear.	Song Bank: Tony Chestnut; Hi lo chicka lo. Watch/Listen/Move: I want you to be my baby (Louis Jordan & his Tympany Five). Pitch pencils video from Sing Up's Developing musicianship toolkit. Hi lo chicka lo progression snapshot 1 videos (Sing Up). Fanfarra (Cabua-le-le) (Sergio Mendes).

Year 2 - Term 2



Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
Grandma rap - 6 lessons	Focus: Duration (crotchet, quavers, crotchet rest), unison, round, progression snapshot 2. Objectives: Compose 4-beat patterns to create a new rhythmic accompaniment, using a looping app. Chant Grandma rap rhythmically, and perform to an accompaniment children create. Chant and play rhythms using the durations of 'walk' (crotchet), 'jogging' (quavers), and 'shh' (crotchet rest) from stick notation. Learn a clapping game to Hi lo chicka lo that shows the rhythm. Show the following durations with actions 'walk' (crotchet) and 'jogging' (quavers).	Song Bank: Grandma rap; Hip hop songwriting backing track; Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious; Hi lo chicka lo. Watch/Listen/Move: Walk and stop, Copy my actions, and Stepping durations videos from Sing Up's Developing musicianship toolkit. Hi lo chicka lo progression snapshot 2 videos (Sing Up). Marble machine (Wintergatan). Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious lyric video (Sherman & Sherman).

Year 2 - Term 3



Tanczymy labada

6 lessons

Focus: Singing games, traditional Polish dances, follow a changing beat and tempo, playing a Song Bank: Tahczymy labada; Bassez down; Plynie statek; Feet, feet; Hi lo chicka lo. percussion accompaniment, body percussion patterns, progression snapshot 3.

Objectives:

- Demonstrate an internalised sense of pulse through singing games.
- Sing confidently in Polish, and play a cumulative game with spoken call-and-response sections.
- Play an accompaniment on tuned percussion and invent a 4-beat body percussion pattern.
- Listen and match the beat of others and recorded music, adapting speed accordingly.
- Listen to traditional and composed music from Poland. Begin to understand how music helps | people share tradition and culture.

Watch/Listen/Move:

- Demonstration of the Krakowiak dance.
- Follow my feet and Walk and freeze videos from Sing Up's Developing musicianship toolkit.
- Rondo à la Krakowiak in F major (Op.14) (Frédéric Chopin).
- Hi lo chicka lo progression snapshot 3 videos (Sing Up).
- Polish folk music, performed live (FisBanda).
- Polish traditional folk dance: Krakowiak (Lublin, Folk Dances Around the World).



Year 3 - Term 1

Title No. lessons	About the unit	Musical material
l've been to Harlem	Focus: Pitch shape, ostinato, round, pentatonic, call-and-response, progression snapshot 1. Objectives: Compose a pentatonic ostinato.	Song Bank: I've been to Harlem; Tongo; Siren; Born to be wild. Watch/Listen/Move: Tongo progression snapshot 1 videos (Sing Up).
- 6 lessons	Sing a call-and-response song in groups, holding long notes confidently. Play melodic and rhythmic accompaniments to a song. Listen and identify where notes in the melody of the song go down and up.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Year 3 - Term 2



Title No. lessons	Musical learning	Musical material
Latin dance (Classroom percussion) - 6 lessons	Cobjectives: Compose a 4-beat rhythm pattern to play during instrumental sections. Working in small groups, sing a call-and-response song with an invented drone accompaniment. Sing the syncopated rhythms in Latin dance and recognise a verse/chorus structure. Play a one-note part contributing to the chords accompanying the verses. Listen to a range of Cuban pieces, understanding influences on the music and recognising some of its musical features.	Song Bank: Latin dance; Plasticine person; Tango. Watch/Listen/Move: Salsa tutorial for kids videos (Spotty Dotty). Tango progression snapshot 1 & 2 videos (Sing Up). Learn about Cuban music (Miss Jessica's World). El Manisero (The Peanut Vendor) (Don Azpiazu & the Havana Casino Orchestra). Despacito (salsa) performed by Aston Merrygold & Janette Manrara on Strictly Come Dancing. Chan, chan (Compay Segundo). Quimbara (Celia Cruz & Tito Puente).



Year 3 - Term 3

Fly with the stars (Classroom percussion)

6 lessons

Focus: Minor and major chords (A minor, C major), chord, dot notation, durations (crotchet, quavers, crotchet rest), progression snapshot 3.

Objectives:

- Play the chords of Fly with the stars on tuned percussion as part of a whole-class performance.
- Sing solo or in a pair in call-and-response style.
- Respond to and recognise crotchets and quavers, and make up rhythms using these durations to create accompaniment ideas for the song.

Song Bank: Fly with the stars; This is what it sounds like;

Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious; Tongo; Hip hop songwriting backing track; Bobby Shafta.

Watch/Listen/Move:

- Walk and stop and Twice as fast, four times as fast videos from Sing Up's Developing musicianship toolkit.
- "Soldiers' march' from Album for the young (Op. 68) (Robert Schumann).
- "Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious" from Mary Poppins (Sherman).
- Tango progression snapshot 1, 2, & 3 videos (Sing Up)



Year 5 - Term 2

Title No. lessons	About the unit	Musical material
Madina tun nabi 6 lessons	Focus: Nasheed Islamic songl, drone, melody, harmony, chards IG and DI, vocal decoration, microtones, progression snapshot 2. Objectives: Improvise freely over a drane. Sing a song in two parts with expression and an understanding of its origins. Sing a round and accompany themselves with a beat. Play a drone and chards to accompany singing. Listen and copy back simple rhythmic and melodic patierns.	Song Bank: Madina fun nobi; Siren; Alphabet of nations: Watch/Listen/Move: Madinah fun nab/(Aashig al-Rasul). Burdah Moula ya Sall Wesut Kurtisi. A is for Allah (Zain Bhikha). Ita Thebyat Elban (Youssel Yaseen & Tomos Latone). Room 3.10 (Lynn Adib). Sastandagam: finaniweni. Hey ha, nobody hame progression snapshot 2 videos (Sing Upl.). Narwi nami (ODO Ensemble).

Year 5 - Term 3





Focus: A song from India and Pokistan, melody, accompaniment, four-part singing in a round, creating an arrangement, progression snapshot 3.

Shiortives

- Compose a simple accompaniment using funed instruments.
- Create and perform their own class amangement.
- Sing and play the melody of Kisne banaaya
- Sing in a 4-part round accompanied with a pitched astinate.

Song Bank: Kisne banaaya: Kis nay banaayaa; 1, 121; Sren; Hey hal Nobady home.

Worldh/Listen/Move:

- Notes and Swar Riyaz (Bidisha Ghoshi).
- Her, hat Nobady home progression snapshat 3 videas Sing Upi.



Year 6 - Term 1

Title No. lessons	About the unit	Musical material
Hey, Mr Miller - 6 lessons	Focus: Swing music, syncopation, swing rhythm, big band instruments, scat singing, social and historical context (IWVII, segregation) progression snapshot 1. Objectives: Compose a syncopated melody using the notes of the C major scale. Sing a syncopated melody accurately and in tune. Sing and play a class arrangement of the song with a good sense of ensemble. Listen to historical recordings of big band swing and describe features of the music using music vocabulary.	Song Bank: Hey, Mr Miller; Siren; Throw, catch; Scales and arpeggios. Watch/Listen/Move: In the mood (Glenn Miller Orchestra). Chattanooga choo choo (Glenn Miller Orchestra). Hooked on swing (Larry Elgart & his Manhattan Swing Orchestra). Throw catch progression snapshot 1 videos (Sing Up). It don't mean a thing lif it ain't got that swing! (Ella Fitzgerald & Duke Ellington). Basic swing groove for drums video. St Louis blues (Ella Fitzgerald). God bless the child (Billie Holliday & Count Basie).

Year 6 - Term 2



Title No. lessons	About the unit	Musical material
Dona nobis pacem - 6 lessons	Focus: Texture (3-part round/polyphonic texture), monophonic, homophonic, 3/4 time, durations (crotchet, rest, quavers, minim, dotted minim, dotted crotchet), sacred vocal music, singing in harmony, progression snapshot 2. Objectives: Compose an 8-bar piece on percussion, in 3-time and using chords F and C major. Sing a round accurately and in a legato style. Sing a chorus in two-part harmony with dancing on the beat. Identify changes in texture between parts moving together (homophonic texture) and parts moving independently (polyphonic texture).	Song Bank: Dana nobis pacem; Siren; Throw, catch. Watch/Listen/Move: How to do a 'balance check' warm-up, How to do a 'vocal revs' warm-up, How to do a 'lip trills' warm-up and Swooping pitch warm-up (Sing Up and NYCGB) Feelgood fifteen led by Ty Lowe (Sing Up). Myleene's Music Klass: The one where we look at monophonic, polyphonic, & homophonic textures. Dana nobis pacem (arr. Hal Hopson). Jubilate Deo (Giovanni Gabrieli). O Euchari in Leta Via (Hildegard von Bingen). If ye love me (Thomas Tallis). Ronde ('La Morisque' from Dansereye 1551) (Tielman Susato). Throw, catch progression snapshot 2 videos (Sing Up).



Year 6 - Term 3

Ame sau
vala tara bal
6 lessons

Focus: Indian music, bhairavi raag, chaal rhythm, Indian musical instruments, Indian musical styles comparison (bhangra, Bollywood, Indian classical), progression snapshot 3.

Objectives:

- Create a rhythmic piece for drums and percussion instruments.
- Sing the charus of Throw, catch in three-part harmony with dancing.
- Develop knowledge and understanding of a variety of musical styles from India, talking about them using music vocabulary.
- Demonstrate coordination and keeping a steady beat by dancing to bhangra music.

Song Bank: Ame sau vala tara bal; Throw, catch.

Watch/Listen/Move:

- Indian music for children Raga Bhairav Children's sing along (Tushar Dutta).
- Basic theory of Indian classical music episode 11: Indian music instruments thypes and classification/(Anuia Kamat).
- Throw, catch progression snapshot 3 videos (Sing Up).
- Chaal rhythm 4 basic variations video (Simply Dhol) (Manvir Hothi).
- Video of Team folk archestra 2019 practice.
- Tere Mohalle (Mamta Sharma and Aishwarya Nigami).
- Easy bhangra dance tutoria/(BHANGRAlicious).
- Candle light (G. Sidhu).
- Roag bhairavi (Indrani Mukherjee).

Primary National Curriculum Expectations for Key Stage 1 & 2:

<u>Key Stage I</u>	Pupils should be taught to:
	 use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes play tuned and untuned instruments musically listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music
Key Stage 2	Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. Pupils should be taught to:
	 play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians develop an understanding of the history of music

