



Phonics Curriculum & Parent Information

Phonics Curriculum Statement





Intent

At Crossdale, we believe that reading is the key to all learning and we are fully committed to making sure that every child loves reading and is a confident reader by the end of Key Stage One (Year Two).

We follow Read Write Inc Phonics right from the start of a child's journey through school, which ensures that reading is taught in a systematic, discrete way with phonics as the prime approach to teaching early reading.

Implementation

What is Read Write Inc Phonics?

Read Write Inc. is a DJE validated phonics scheme designed by Ruth Miskin, which through systematic teaching and consistent routines, enables ALL children to achieve high levels of reading success.

Who Teaches RWI Phonics?

We have a dedicated team of teachers and teaching assistants who have all received RWI phonics training. They are passionate about achieving success and take part in regular practice meetings for coaching and training purposes. The scheme is overseen by the Reading Leader, who will monitor RWI sessions and ensure that all teaching is high quality and that children are focused and engaged.

What and When?

- Daily phonics sessions with children grouped according to stage, not age.
- Daily 'Storybook' sessions, everyone reads books that match the sounds they know in a group every day.
- Reading books, that match sounds children know, are sent home to be read independently to consolidate learning.
- Children can also take a 'reading for pleasure' book to be read with or by an adult to provide a broad and rich reading experience.

Planning:

- All planning follows the sequence of sounds and blueprint lessons plans from Read
 Write and use common habits and routines that include:
 - Spotting special friends (identifying digraphs and trigraphs)
 - Fred Talk (saying the sounds individually out loud then blending the word)
 - Fred in your head (saying the sounds individually in your head) Speedy Reading
 - Reading alien words
 - Spelling using Fred Fingers



Impact

Assessment:

- Each child is carefully assessed and placed into a RWI group based their phonics sound knowledge and reading skills. This ensures that all children are working at the right level for their ability which is the best way to ensure progress and confidence in their reading skills. Your child might not be taught phonics by their own class teacher however all information and session notes are passed on from their RWI Tutor to enable further guidance and support in all subsequent lessons.
- Children are assessed each half term using Read Write Inc assessments. This ensures all pupils keep up and that gaps identified are re-taught in phonics sessions, I:I tutoring or in partnership with parents.
- Any children who are not making sufficient progress will be given targeted intervention or additional 1:1 support.
- At the end of Year Two all children complete a national curriculum test in English reading, this is known as the Year Two SATs (standard assessment test).

The Scheme: the children follow this progression whilst learning phonics.

						Spe	eed S	ounds	Set	1						
m	α	s	d	†	i	n	р	9	(0	С	k	u	Ь	f	e
-1	h	sh	r	j	v	у	w	th	,	z	ch	q	×	ng	nk	
	Speed Sounds Set 2															
ay	e	e	igh	ow	0	0	00	ar	•	or		air	ir		ou	oy
	Speed Sounds Set 3															
ee	ea	oy	oi	ay	a-6	e ig	h i	-e	ow	0-6	2	00	u-e	or	aw	air
are	ir	ur	er	ou	ow	, ,	ıi (ρα	ew	ire	2	ear	ure	tion	cious	tious

Each sound has a sound and an accompanying rhyme - see the sound mat at the end of this booklet.

Simple Speed Sounds Chart (for Set I and Set 2 Sounds) Simple Speed Sounds



Simple Speed Sounds Chart (for Set 3)

Complex Speed Sounds

ph	le	mb	0.00			ve	s se	ti ci		itk
----	----	----	------	--	--	----	---------	----------	--	-----

cit age		b bb	c k ck ch		g gg	h	j g ge dge		qu	t tt	w wh	x	y	ch tch	
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Vowel sounds

а	e ea	i	0	u	ay a-e ai	ee y ea	igh i-e	ow o-e oa
					ut	e	i	0

00 u-e	 ar	600 CC 223	115-15-524		ou ow	-	ire	ear	ure
ue		ore		er					
ew		aw							
		au							

Alongside these sounds they also learn red words (tricky words), which are difficult to blend but are key words they need to read and access texts (eg. the, said, your)



Use Fred Talk - point with your finger under each phoneme as you make the sound, then run your finger under the whole word to blend those sounds together to say the word. Over time, as they get more confident, encourage them to instant sound blend so they are saying the sounds in their head quickly (Fred in your head) then saying the word out loud.

Red words:

The children should be told these words and practise sight reading them (without blending remember, you can't Fred a red!).

Red Words (Tricky Words)

Red for a while words. These include graphemes that have not been taught by the time they are needed in the reading books. As soon as the grapheme has been taught, each of these turn into a green word! Practise these so they can read them by sight (not blending). You could cut them out to use for games (laminating might be useful!).

he	me	we
she	be	no
SO	go	old
her	saw	my
by	why	now
how	down	over
school		

Other Red Words:

I	the	you
your	said	was
are	of	want
they	to	do
does	all	call

tall	small	any		
many	anyone	some		
come	watch	who		
where	there	here		
were	brother	other		
mother	father	love		
above	two	once		
buy	worse	walk		
talk	caught	bought		
thought	through	wear		
whole	could	would		
should	great	son		
water				

ạṭ	mat	șạt
mad	ḍạḍ	ṣạḍ

1.2

gap	pạn	ţop
gọṭ	dog	pin
ţip	pig.	dig
ș <u>i</u> †	i <u>t</u>	in
ọņ	aṇḍ	ạņ

йb	ċńb	mud
ķịţ	bed.	get
met	bin	bad
cat	can	cot

ḥẹṇ	<u>ķi</u> †	ḥạḍ
fạṇ	fat	log
<u>s</u> họp	fuņ	lip
fish	<u>s</u> hi <u>p</u>	let

jet	wet	<u>vet</u>
yes	wi <u>s</u> h	web
<u>yet</u>	jaṃ	yạp
jọg	win	Хñй
ŗạṭ	ŗęd.	ŗụņ

w <u>ing</u>	<u>chị</u> ņ	t <u>hịc</u> k
c <u>h</u> ọp	<u>chạt</u>	quit
quiz	sing	t <u>hing</u>
<u> bạng</u>	t <u>h</u> ịṣ	<u>thi</u> n
fix	six	zag
zip	fọ×	ροχ

șțin <u>k</u>	wink	<u> </u>
skin	slid	slip
grin	prop	pṛạṃ
from	ċḷip	gṛạṇ
ḥạṇḍ	stand	stamp
flop	frog	jump
<u>bļack</u>	flag	<u>think</u>
sķip	best.	<u>trip</u>
þļóþ	brat	drip
drop	blip	<u>fluff</u>
dṛẹ <u>ss</u>	ḥụ <u>f</u> f	me <u>ss</u>
ţesţ	trap	spit
stob	spot	șţŗọp

<u>play</u>	<u>may</u>	sαy
day	wαy	spray

2.2

<u>șee</u>	b <u>ee</u> n	s <u>ee</u> n
<u>three</u>	green	sl <u>e</u> ep

2.3

<u>high</u>	<u>light</u>	<u> </u>
<u>nigh</u> t	f <u>righ</u> t	might

pjo <u>w</u>	l <u>ow</u>	<u>know</u>
<u>sņow</u>	<u>show</u>	<u>slow</u>

<u>†oo</u>	<u>foo</u> ḍ	m <u>oo</u> n
<u> </u>	<u>boo</u> l	<u>spoo</u> ņ

2.6

ţ <u>oo</u> ķ	<u> </u>	ç <u>oo</u> ķ
<u>ļoo</u> ķ	<u>shook</u>	<u> </u>

2.7

<u>çar</u>	<u>par</u> †	h <u>a</u> rd
șț <u>ar</u> ț	<u>șțar</u>	<u>sharp</u>

ș <u>or</u> ț	<u>short</u>	<u> </u>
sport	f <u>or</u> ķ	ș <u>ņor</u> ț

<u>fair</u>	<u>hai</u> r	<u>chair</u>
<u>șțair</u>	<u>air</u>	<u>ļair</u>

2.10

<u>gir</u> l	<u>þir</u> ḍ	<u>țhir</u> ḍ
<u>whirl</u>	<u>twirl</u>	<u>dir</u> t

2.11

<u>ou</u> †	<u>shout</u>	<u>lou</u> ḍ
<u>mouth</u>	r <u>ou</u> nd	<u>found</u>

toy	boy	<u>enjoy</u>
: 4	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	÷1=1

clean	d <u>ream</u>	<u>seat</u>
scream	please	

3.2

Join koice coin

3.3

make	çake	name
ṣạṃe	(te	date

3.4

smile	white	ņice
like	time	ḥịḍe

họme	hope	spoke
ņófe	þroke	<u>phóne</u>

þrúte	Juṇe
<u>ļaw</u>	<u>dawn</u>
<u>paw</u>	<u>yawn</u>
<u>dare</u>	<u>scare</u>
<u>bare</u>	<u>care</u>
<u>țurņ</u>	<u>spurt</u>
<u>purse</u>	<u> </u>
<u> better</u>	<u>weather</u>
<u>proper</u>	<u>çorņer</u>
	!aw paw dare bare turn purse better

<u> ḥow</u>	d <u>ow</u> ņ	<u> </u>
<u>ċow</u>	<u>ţowņ</u>	<u>ņow</u>

3.12

<u>pai</u> ḍ	<u> țrain</u>	<u>paint</u>
<u>rain</u>		

3.13

<u>goa</u> t	<u>boa</u> ț	r <u>oa</u> d
<u>throat</u>	t <u>oa</u> st	<u>çoa</u> ț

3.14

<u>chew</u>	n <u>ew</u>	bl <u>ew</u>
fl <u>ew</u>	dr <u>ew</u>	g <u>rew</u>

f <u>ire</u>	h <u>ire</u>	w <u>ire</u>
<u>bonfire</u>	inspire	consp <u>ire</u>

<u> hear</u>	d <u>ear</u>	f <u>ear</u>
<u>ņear</u>	<u>year</u>	<u>ear</u>

picture	mixture	creature
fut <u>ure</u>	advent <u>ure</u>	temperature

delicious	suspicious	vicious
scrump <u>tious</u>	precious	<u>ferocious</u>
<u>tradition</u>	<u>attention</u>	celebra <u>tion</u>
conversation	congratulation	exploration

Reading at Home

How can I support my child with reading?

Whilst your child is learning to read, we cannot stress enough how important it is for children to hear good stories being read to them. Loving reading and learning to read for pleasure is just as important as learning sounds. Hearing you read a book with expression (your voice choice) and talking about what they have read allows children to absorb the rich language and vocabulary, develop basic comprehension skills and learn to love books. Through Key Stage One the children should always bring a reading for pleasure book home for you to share together.

When your child is learning to blend, they will be given RWI Blending books. To help your child with these, ask them to try to 'Fred Talk' the word and blend it together ... when they turn the page they will see if they were right! Encourage them to sound out carefully using pure sounds and give lots of praise and support for effort and success.





Once confident in blending, children will begin to receive RWI bookbag books. These books are matched to the sounds they know and we ask that the books are read and re-read three times to build self-esteem and enjoyment in reading as well as to allow them to show off their reading skills to you! There are useful instructions for parents at the front of the book.

In the first read your child will be focussing on reading each word individually and it may seem robotic. In this phase very little comprehension of the story is likely. In the second read, their word recognition will become quicker allowing a faster pace and better understanding of the story. In the third read, the speed should be much quicker and therefore the child is using more brain power to understand the story rather than on reading each word. This is the point when the story becomes meaningful and pleasurable, and they can answer questions based on the content. There are questions at the end of the book to check understanding and promote discussion of the story.

Reading should be relaxed and enjoyable and lots of praise should be given when children are successful and putting in effort. Please try not to get frustrated if your child is struggling as this likely to put them off trying, instead encourage them to sound out words using Fred Talk and help them to blend and then praise for being successful. If in doubt show them how and then let them have a turn!