




History Tribal Tales: How did the people of Britain develop from the stone age to the iron age?

<u>3,000,000</u> <u>BC</u>	<u>10,000 BC</u>	<u>3,000 BC</u>	<u>4,500 BC</u>	<u>2,500 BC</u>	<u>800 BC</u>	<u>500 BC</u>
Palaeolithic Time (Stone Age)	Mesolithic Time (Stone Age)	Skara Brae built	Neolithic Time (Stone Age)	Bronze Age	Iron Age	Hillforts were built

Key Vocabulary		Stone Age		Bronze Age	
bronze	A metal made from a mixture of copper and tin. It is a much harder and more long-lasting material than stone or copper alone.	<p>The Stone Age was a period of time when humans used stone to make tools and weapons. In order to survive people had to hunt food, gather water and make shelter. It covers a huge period of time - over 3 million years. It can be broken down into 3 smaller time periods:</p> <p>Palaeolithic</p> <p>Early humans used simple stone tools with sharp edges.</p> <p>Mesolithic</p> <p>Humans were hunter-gatherers and constantly on the move in order to stay safe and warm.</p> <p>Neolithic</p> <p>Farming developed and villages were built.</p>		Houses	Rectangular buildings made from timber with walls of wattle and daub where 6-10 people would live together.
iron	A metal that is stronger and harder than bronze.			Land	 Farming was a big part of life. People moved from the hills to the valleys where it was easier to grow food.
prehistoric	Before written records began.			Clothing	 Women wore long, woollen skirts and short tunics. Men wore knee length skirts, cloaks and woollen hats.
smelt	To melt in order to separate different metals.			Weapons	 Daggers, blades, spearheads, chisels, axes and armour could all now be made out of bronze which was harder and more durable than stone.
artifacts	Objects of historic interest.	Iron Age			
Celts	People living in Europe during the Iron Age. The 'Celts' were made up of many different tribes.	The Iron Age in Britain started around 800 BC. It followed the Bronze Age after iron began to be used for making weapons and tools — it was stronger than bronze and easier to work with.			
wattle and daub	The building material of a house made from sticks and clay, straw or manure.	<u>Houses</u>	<u>Land</u>	<u>Clothing</u>	
		Roundhouses were very large, often housing lots of people living together. There would be a fire in the centre and Beds were made from hay mattresses and animal skin.	The Iron Age people lived in farming communities in hillforts. Crops such as barley, oats and wheat were grown. Cows, pigs, goats and sheep were farmed for milk, meat and wool.	Men wore a T-shaped tunic made from wool or linen with trousers and a belt. Women wore floor length skirts or dresses with a cloak pinned with a brooch.	

SECTION 5

MAP RELEVANT FOR CURRENT TOPIC

SYMBOL

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